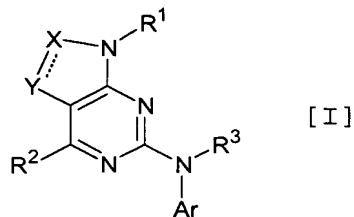


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CLAIMS

1. A pyrrolopyrimidine derivative represented by the following formula [I]:



(wherein  $R^1$  is  $C_{1-9}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-9}$ alkenyl,  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl- $C_{1-9}$ alkyl, di( $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl)- $C_{1-9}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy- $C_{1-9}$ alkyl, di( $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy)- $C_{1-9}$ alkyl, hydroxy- $C_{1-9}$ alkyl, cyano- $C_{1-9}$ alkyl, carbamoyl- $C_{1-9}$ alkyl, di( $C_{1-6}$ alkyl)amino- $C_{1-9}$ alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryl- $C_{1-9}$ alkyl or heteroaryl- $C_{1-9}$ alkyl, in which said aryl and heteroaryl are optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy,  $C_{1-6}$ alkylthio,  $C_{1-6}$ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, mono( $C_{1-6}$ alkyl)aminosulfonyl, di( $C_{1-6}$ alkyl)aminosulfonyl, halogen,  $C_{1-6}$ haloalkyl, cyano, nitro,  $-NR^{1a}R^{1b}$ , where  $R^{1a}$  and  $R^{1b}$  are each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl and  $C_{1-6}$ alkylcarbonyl;

$R^2$  is  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-6}$ haloalkyl;

$R^3$  is hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkynyl,  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, benzyl;

the bond between X and Y is a single bond or a double bond;

wherein (1) when the bond between X and Y is a single bond, X is  $CR^4R^5$  or  $C=O$ ; Y is  $CR^6R^7$ ,  $C=O$ ,  $C=N-OR^8$  or  $C=CH-R^9$ ; (2) when the bond between X and Y is a double bond, X is  $CR^{10}$ ; Y is  $CR^{11}$ ;

$R^4$  and  $R^5$  are the same or different, and independently are hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl;

$R^6$  and  $R^7$  are the same or different, and independently are hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkynyl, hydroxy,  $C_{1-6}$ alkylamino, di( $C_{1-6}$ alkyl)amino, di( $C_{1-6}$ alkyl)amino- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-6}$ alkylcarbonylamino,  $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkylcarbonylamino, arylcarbonylamino, heteroarylcarbonylamino,  $C_{1-6}$ alkylaminocarbonyl or  $C_{1-6}$ alkylaminocarbonylamino; or  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  are taken together to form  $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, with the proviso that not both of  $CR^4R^5$  and  $CR^6R^7$

are  $\text{CH}_2$ ;

$R^8$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl;

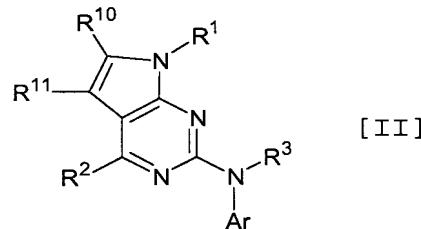
$R^9$  is  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl, wherein said aryl and heteroaryl are optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl;

R<sup>10</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

R<sup>11</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl or di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)amino-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

Ar is aryl or heteroaryl which aryl or heteroaryl is unsubstituted or substituted with 1 or more substituents, which are the same or different, selected from the group consisting of halogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkynyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylthio, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, mono(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminosulfonyl, di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminosulfonyl, cyano, C<sub>1-6</sub>haloalkyl, trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, fluoromethoxy and -N(R<sup>12</sup>)R<sup>13</sup>, wherein R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> are the same or different, and independently are hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl), individual isomers thereof or racemic or non-racemic mixtures of isomers thereof or pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates thereof.

2. The pyrrolopyrimidine derivative according to claim 1 represented by the following formula [II]:



$\_6$ alkyl and  $C_{1-6}$ alkylcarbonyl;

$R^2$  is  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-6}$ haloalkyl;

$R^3$  is hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkynyl,  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, benzyl;

$R^{10}$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl;

$R^{11}$  is hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl or di( $C_{1-6}$ alkyl)amino- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl;

Ar is aryl or heteroaryl which aryl or heteroaryl is unsubstituted or substituted with 1 or more substituents, which are the same or different, selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkynyl,  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy,  $C_{1-6}$ alkylthio,  $C_{1-6}$ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, mono( $C_{1-6}$ alkyl)aminosulfonyl, di( $C_{1-6}$ alkyl)aminosulfonyl, cyano, halo $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, fluoromethoxy and  $-N(R^{12})R^{13}$ , wherein  $R^{12}$  and  $R^{13}$  are the same or different, and independently are hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl), individual isomers thereof or racemic or non-racemic mixtures of isomers thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates thereof.

3. The pyrrolopyrimidine derivative according to claim 2 represented by the formula [II], wherein  $R^1$  is  $C_{1-9}$ alkyl,  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, di( $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl)- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, di( $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy)- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, hydroxy- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, cyano- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, carbamoyl- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, di( $C_{1-6}$ alkyl)amino- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, aryl- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl or heteroaryl- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl;  $R^2$  is  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl;  $R^3$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl;  $R^{10}$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl;  $R^{11}$  is hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl or di( $C_{1-6}$ alkyl)amino- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl; Ar is aryl or heteroaryl which aryl or heteroaryl is unsubstituted or substituted with one to three substituents, which are the same or different, selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkynyl,  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy,  $C_{1-6}$ alkylthio, cyano, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, fluoromethoxy and  $-N(R^{12})R^{13}$ , wherein  $R^{12}$  and  $R^{13}$  are the same or different, and independently are hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, individual isomers thereof or racemic or non-racemic mixtures of isomers thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates thereof.

4. The pyrrolopyrimidine derivative according to claim 2 represented by the formula [II], wherein  $R^1$  is  $C_{1-9}$ alkyl,  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, di( $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl)- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, di( $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy)- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl or aryl- $C_{1-6}$ alkyl;  $R^2$  is  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl;  $R^3$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl;  $R^{10}$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl;  $R^{11}$

is hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; Ar is phenyl which phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted with one to three substituents, which are the same or different, selected from the group consisting of halogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylthio, trifluoromethyl and -N(R<sup>12</sup>)R<sup>13</sup>, wherein R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> are the same or different, and independently are hydrogen or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, individual isomers thereof or racemic or non-racemic mixtures of isomers thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates thereof.

5. The pyrrolopyrimidine derivative according to claim 2 represented by the formula [II], wherein R<sup>1</sup> is C<sub>1-9</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl)-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy)-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl or aryl-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; R<sup>2</sup> is C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl; R<sup>3</sup> is C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl; R<sup>10</sup> is hydrogen; R<sup>11</sup> is hydrogen; Ar is phenyl which phenyl is substituted with 2 or 3 substituents, which are the same or different, selected from the group consisting of halogen or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, individual isomers thereof or racemic or non-racemic mixtures of isomers thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates thereof.

6. An antagonist for CRF receptors, comprising a pyrrolopyrimidine derivative, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or its hydrate according to any one of claims 1 to 5, as an active ingredient.

7. Use of a pyrrolopyrimidine derivative, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or its hydrate according to any one of claim 1 to 5, for the manufacture of an antagonist for CRF receptors.